

## Lippincott® CoursePoint for Nursing Concepts

# North Carolina Concepts & Exemplars

## **Accountability**

Competence

Professional Development

#### **Acid-Base**

Acid-Base Balance

Respiratory & Metabolic Acidosis Respiratory & Metabolic Alkalosis

## Advocacy

Protecting Vulnerable Populations
Protector

## Assessment

Assessing Abnormal Assessing Normal

Holistic Health Assessment Across the Lifespan

#### **Behaviors**

Addiction

Alcohol Abuse

**Assaultive Behaviors** 

Nicotine Use

Prenatal Substance Exposure

Substance Use Disorder

#### **Caring Interventions**

**Blood Transfusions** 

**Central Lines** 

**Chest Tubes** 

**CNA Skills** 

Enemas

Gastrostomy (G) Tubes

Holistic Physical Assessment Including

Vital Signs

**IV Medications** 

**Medication Administration** 

**Mobility Techniques** 

Nasogastric (NG) Tubes

Nasopharyngeal/Oral Suctioning

Personal Hygiene

Starting an IV

Sterile Technique

Tracheostomy Care (Suctioning)

**Uninary Catheterization** 

Wound Care: Ostomy, Surgical, Pressure

## **Cellular Regulation**

Anemia

**Breast Cancer** 

Cancer

Colon Cancer

Leukemia

Lung Cancer

Prostate Cancer

Sickle Cell Anemia

Skin Cancer

## **Clinical Decision Making**

Clinical Judgment

Critical Thinking

**Decision Making** 

**Nursing Process** 

**Problem Solving** 

#### Cognition

Alzheimer's Disease/Dementia

Confusion

Delirium

Schizophrenia

#### Collaboration

Case Management

Chain of Command

**Conflict Resolution** 

**Interdisciplinary Teams** 

Interprofessional Communication

Interprofessiona Teams

**Management Theories** 

## Comfort

Alternative Therapies for Chronic Pain

End-of-Life Care

Fatigue

Fibromyalgia

Pain: Acute & Chronic

Sleep-Rest Disorders

## Communication

**Assertive Communication** 

Documentation

Family Communication

**Group Process** 

Reporting/Recording

Therapeutic Communication

#### **Culture**

Multiculturalism

Religion

Values and Beliefs

## **Development**

Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder

(ADHD)

Autism

Cerebral Palsy

Failure to Thrive

## **Diversity**

Abilities

Age

Gender

**Individual Life Experiences** 

Race

Sexual Orientation

**Vulnerable Populations** 

#### **Elimination**

Benign Prostatic Hypertrophy (BPH)

Bladder Incontinence and Retention

**Bowel Incontinence** 

Constipation/Impaction

Kidney Stones

Urinary and Gastrointestinal

Assessment

#### **Ethics**

ANA Code of Ethics

**Ethical Dilemmas** 

**Ethical Principles** 

Patient Rights

#### **Evidence-Based Practice**

Community Preferences

Develop a Question

Individual Preferences

Introduction to Best Practices

#### Family

**Community Support** 

Family Dynamics

Family Response to Health Alterations

Family Response to Health Promotion

Family Structure and Roles

## Fluid & Electrolytes

Acute Kidney Disease and Injury Chronic Kidney Disease

Electrolyte Balance

Fluid Balance

Shock

#### **Grief & Loss**

Anticipatory Grieving

Children's Response to Loss

Death and Dying

Elder's Response to Loss

Perinatal Loss

Situational Loss

#### **Healthcare Systems**

Access to Healthcare

Allocation of Resources

Diagnosis-Related Groups (DRG)

**Emergency Preparedness** 

**Nursing Care Delivery Systems** 

Primary, Secondary, and Tertiary Care

Resource Utilization

## **Health Policy**

Accrediting Bodies (TJC)

**Professional Organizations** 

Regulatory Agencies (OSHA, Licensure,

DHHS, DHSR)

Types of Reimbursement (Medicare,

Medicaid, Private)

## Health, Wellness and Illness

Adjustment to Health and Illness

**Alternative Therapies** 

Consumer Education

Exercise

Health Beliefs (Individual, Cultural)

Hospitalized Individual

Immunizations

Lifestyle Choices

Normal Sleep and Rest Patterns

Nutrition

Oral Health

**Physical Fitness** 

Screening

Self-Management

Wellness-Illness Continuum

#### **Immunity**

HIV/AIDS

Hypersensitivity

Lupus

Rheumatoid Arthritis

#### Infection

Cellulitis

Conjunctivitis

**Hospital-Acquired Infections** 

Influenza

MRSA

Otitis Media

Pneumonia

Septicemia

Tuberculosis (TB)

Urinary Tract Infection (UTI)

## Inflammation

**Appendicitis** 

Gallbladder Disease

Gastroresphugeal Reflex Disease (GERD)

General Anesthesia and Conscious

Sedation

Inflammatory Bowel Disease

**Inflammatory Process** 

Nephritis

**Pancreatits** 

Peptic Ulcer Disease (PUD)

Pericarditis, Endocarditis, and

Myocarditis

Perioperative Care

#### **Informatics**

Clinical Decision Support Systems

Computer-Based Reminder Systems

Computers in Healthcare Organizations

Individual Information at Point of Care

## **Intracranial Regulation**

Increased Intracranial Pressure

Seizures

#### **Legal Issues**

Advance Directives

Civil Law

Criminal Law

HIPAA

**Nursing Practice Act** 

Obligation to Report

Risk Management

Whistle Blowing

## **Managing Care**

Care Coordination

Cost-Effective Care

Delegation

Prioritizing Individual Care

Role of Interprofessional Team

#### Metabolism

Addison's Disease

Cushing's Disease

Diabetes

Liver Disease

Obesity

Osteoporosis

Thyroid Disease

#### Mobility

**Back Problems** 

**Body Mechanics** 

Fractures

**Hip Fractures** 

Mobility Techniques (Positioning and

Transfers)

**Multiple Sclerosis** 

Osteoarthritis

Parkinson's Disease

Range of Motion (ROM)

Spinal Cord Injuries

Use of Assistive Mobility Devices

## **Mood & Affect**

Bipolar Disorder

Depression

Peripartum Depression

Situational Depression

## Oxygenation

Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome

(ARDS)

Asthma

Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease

(COPD)

Oxygenation Assessment

Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV)

Sudden Unexpected Infant Death

## **Perfusion**

Acute Coronary Sydrome

Angina

Arteriosclerosis

Cardiomyopathy

Deep Vein Thrombosis (DVT) & Venous

Thromboembolism (VTE)

Disseminated Intravascular Coagulation

(DIC)

Heart Failure

High Cholesterol

Hypertension (HTN)

Hypertensive Disorders of Pregnancy

Life-Threatening Dysrhythmias

Perfusion Assessment

Peripheral Vascular Disease (PVD)

Pulmonary Embolism

Shock

Stroke

Ventricular Septal Defect

#### **Professional Behaviors**

Commitment to Profession Leadership Principles Work Ethics

#### **Quality Improvement**

Benchmarking Just Culture Quality Improvement Cycle Reporting Root Cause Analysis

Sentinel Events

## Reproduction

Antepartum Care Intrapartum Care Newborn Care Placenta Abruption Placenta Previa Postpartum Care Prematurity

## **Safety**

Anticipatory Guidance
Environmental Safety
Hand-Off Communication
Injury/Illness Prevention
National Patient Safety Goals
Responsible Sexual Behavior
Standard Precautions

#### Self

Eating Disorders
Personality Disorders
Self-Esteem, Identity, Self-Perception
& Body Image

## **Sensory/Perception**

Cataracts

Eye Injuries
Glaucoma
Hearing Impairment
Macular Degeneration
Peripheral Neuropathy
Sensory Assessment
Visual Impairment

#### **Sexuality**

Erectile Dysfunction
Family Planning and Preconception
Counseling
Menopause
Menstrual Dysfunction
Sexually Transmitted Infections

## **Spiritual**

Higher Consciousness Morality Religion Spiritual Distress Spiritual Health Spiritual Well-Being Spirituality

## **Stress & Coping**

Anxiety
Anxiety
Anxiety Asessment
Crisis
Generalized Anxiety Disorder
Obsessive-Compulsive Disorder
Panic Disorder
Phobias
Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD)

#### **Teaching & Learning**

Mentor Patient Educator Staff Education

## **Thermoregulation**

Hyperthermia Hypothermia Multiple System Injury/Failure Newborn Thermoregulation

## **Tissue Integrity**

Burns Contact Dermatitis Pressure Injury Skin Assessment Wound Healing

#### **Violence**

Assault
Child Abuse
Elder Abuse
Intimate Partner Abuse
Rape-Trauma Syndrome
Sexual Abuse
Suicide
Unintentional Injury and Trauma